

**Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.**

**Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)**

**For the six months ended June 30, 2015**  
[Expressed in Canadian Dollars]

## **NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a) if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

The Corporation's independent auditors have not performed a review of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

## Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.

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### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

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	June 30 2015	December 31 2014
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,544	\$ 56,087
Accounts receivable	1,450	5,466
Prepaid expenses	11,524	4,864
	<u>65,517</u>	<u>66,416</u>
<b>Property Plant and Equipment (Note 6)</b>	14,785	17,288
	<u><b>\$ 80,302</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 83,704</b></u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	\$ 413,209	\$ 427,568
Share subscriptions payable (Note 8)	92,350	28,350
Promissory notes payable (Note 7)	114,501	110,337
	<u>620,061</u>	<u>566,255</u>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 620,061</b>	<b>\$ 566,255</b>
<b>Share capital (Issued 14,673,119 shares) (Note 8)</b>	\$ 15,061,799	\$ 15,061,799
<b>Reserve for warrants (Note 8)</b>	1,030,238	1,030,238
<b>Reserve for share based payments (Note 8)</b>	1,756,201	1,756,201
<b>Deficit</b>	(18,387,996)	(18,330,788)
	<u>(539,758)</u>	<u>(482,550)</u>
	<u><b>\$ 80,302</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 83,704</b></u>

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

"Randy Bell"

Randy Bell, Director

"J. Bruce Carruthers II"

J. Bruce Carruthers II, Director

**Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>REVENUE</b>				
Interest income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ -
Other income	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>EXPENSE</b>				
Accounting	10,000	29,638	\$ 10,000	\$ 29,638
Amortization	1,203	1,621	2,503	3,374
Arizona mineral exploration properties (Note 5)	7,358	6,458	8,413	13,889
Compliance agency fees	5,200	9,983	6,666	15,672
Consultants	-	2,000	1,000	7,500
Interest	3,645	1,851	15,510	5,478
Legal fees	-	5,735	-	5,735
Office (Note 4)	5,304	11,459	18,228	37,154
Ontario mineral exploration properties (Note 5)	500	2,482	1,000	8,816
Promotion and investor relations	74	1,195	148	1,327
Travel	279	380	446	380
	<u>33,562</u>	<u>72,801</u>	<u>63,913</u>	<u>128,962</u>
<b>NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	(33,562)	(72,801)	(63,903)	(128,962)
<b>OTHER INCOME (expense)</b>				
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	300	36,546	6,695	49,301
<b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<b>(33,262)</b>	<b>(36,255)</b>	<b>(57,208)</b>	<b>(79,661)</b>
<b>DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<u>(18,354,734)</u>	<u>(18,112,742)</u>	<u>(18,330,788)</u>	<u>(18,069,336)</u>
<b>DEFICIT, END OF PERIOD</b>	<u>\$ (18,387,996)</u>	<u>\$ (18,148,997)</u>	<u>\$ (18,387,996)</u>	<u>\$ (18,148,997)</u>
<b>Basic loss per share</b>	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)
<b>Weighted average number of shares</b>	14,673,119	16,251,970	14,673,119	16,251,970

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

## Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	SHARE CAPITAL		RESERVES			TOTAL
	NUMBER OF SHARES	AMOUNT (\$)	WARRANTS	SHARE BASED PAYMENTS	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT (As Restated)	
<b>Balance at January 1, 2014</b>	<b>16,251,970</b>	<b>\$ 14,683,899</b>	<b>\$ 1,030,238</b>	<b>\$ 1,756,201</b>	<b>\$ (18,069,336)</b>	<b>\$ (598,998)</b>
Share consolidation (1:2)	(8,125,985)	-	-	-	-	-
Shares issued during the period	6,547,134	392,828	-	-	-	392,828
Share issuance costs	-	(14,928)	-	-	-	(14,928)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(261,453)	(261,453)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2014</b>	<b>14,673,119</b>	<b>15,061,799</b>	<b>1,030,238</b>	<b>1,756,201</b>	<b>(18,330,788)</b>	<b>(482,551)</b>
Shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrants issued during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(57,208)	(57,208)
<b>Balance at June 30, 2015</b>	<b>14,673,119</b>	<b>\$ 15,061,799</b>	<b>\$ 1,030,238</b>	<b>\$ 1,756,201</b>	<b>\$ (18,387,996)</b>	<b>\$ (539,758)</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

## Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Three months ending June 30		Six months ending June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>Cash was provided by (used for)</b>				
<b>Operating activities</b>				
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (33,262)	\$ (36,255)	\$ (57,208)	\$ (79,661)
Adjustments for items not affecting cash				
Amortization of property, plant and equipment	1,203	1,621	2,503	3,374
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(916)	-	(916)	-
<b>Working capital used by operating activities</b>	<b>(32,975)</b>	<b>(34,634)</b>	<b>(55,622)</b>	<b>(76,287)</b>
Changes in non-cash operating working capital (Note 11)	30,658	33,858	46,997	73,156
<b>Cash used by Operations</b>	<b>(2,317)</b>	<b>(777)</b>	<b>(8,624)</b>	<b>(3,131)</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>				
Proceeds from debt financings	-	(1,824)	5,081	(625)
Net proceeds from equity financings (Note 8)	-	(560)	-	(4,081)
	<b>-</b>	<b>(2,384)</b>	<b>5,081</b>	<b>(4,706)</b>
<b>Change in cash (Decrease)</b>	<b>(2,317)</b>	<b>(3,161)</b>	<b>(3,543)</b>	<b>(7,837)</b>
<b>Cash, beginning of period</b>	<b>54,861</b>	<b>47,208</b>	<b>56,087</b>	<b>51,884</b>
<b>Cash, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 52,544</b>	<b>\$ 44,047</b>	<b>\$ 52,544</b>	<b>\$ 44,047</b>
<b>Supplemental Disclosure</b>				
Taxes paid	\$ 380	\$ 203	\$ -	\$ 203
Interest paid	\$ 3,645	\$ 26,755	\$ 15,510	\$ 26,755

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

**June 30, 2015**

## **1. CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Q-Gold Resources Ltd. ("Q-Gold" or the "Company") was originally incorporated under the name Solana Petroleum Corp. under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on March 25, 1998. The private company restrictions were removed by Certificate of Amendment dated April 6, 1998. As part of its restructuring, Q-Gold changed its name on January 21, 2004 to Q-Gold Resources Ltd. The Company continued into British Columbia from the jurisdiction of Alberta, effective December 30, 2011. The Company's registered office is located at 700 - 401 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, CANADA, V6B 5A1, and its records office is located c/o Mineral Creek Resources Inc., 809 West Riordan Road, Suite 100-391, Flagstaff, Arizona, USA, 86001.

Q-Gold is a mineral exploration company focused on exploring and developing mineral properties in Canada and the United States. Q-Gold is in the process of exploring its properties and has not yet identified a commercial resource. The recoverability of costs incurred on properties is dependent upon the discovery of an economically recoverable resource and Q-Gold obtaining the necessary financing to complete exploration, development and construction of processing facilities, obtaining government approvals and attaining future profitable production of the mineral resources.

## **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

### **Statement of compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management and reported in Canadian dollars in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The policies set out below were consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise noted.

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 31, 2015.

### **Going Concern**

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability of assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should Q-Gold be unable to continue as a going concern. Several adverse conditions cast substantial doubt on the validity of this assumption. As at June 30, 2015, Q-Gold has a working capital deficit of \$ 554,544 (December 31, 2014 - \$ 499,839), and a retained deficit of \$ 18,387,996 (December 31, 2014 - 18,330,788). The continuation of Q-Gold as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of Q-Gold to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations and to determine the existence, discovery and successful exploitation of economically recoverable reserves in its mineral properties, confirmation of Q-Gold's interests in the underlying properties and the attainment of profitable operations or realize proceeds from their sale. Q-Gold may periodically have to raise additional funds to fund projects and continue operations and while it has been successful in doing so in the past, there can be no assurance

**June 30, 2015**

## **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)**

it will be able to do so in the future. Management believes Q-Gold will obtain the funding required to maintain current levels of operations and continue as a going concern for the following year.

### **Functional and presentation currency**

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

### **Basis of measurement**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments and share based payment transactions that are measured at fair value.

### **Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with IFRS, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Significant accounts that require estimates as the basis for determining the stated amounts include equipment and amounts recorded for amortization, impairment of mineral properties, share based compensation, fair value of brokers warrants, valuation allowance against future income tax assets and foreign currency transactions.

## **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies have been applied consistently by Company's entities.

### **a) Consolidation**

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Q-Gold Resources Ltd. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Q-Gold (Ontario) Ltd., and Mineral Creek Resources Inc. Some of Q-Gold's exploration and development activities are conducted jointly with others and accordingly, these consolidated financial statements reflect only Q-Gold's proportionate interest in such activities.

Q-Gold (Ontario) Ltd. was incorporated for the purpose of holding title to Q-Gold's mineral properties in Ontario. Mineral Creek Resources Inc. was incorporated for the purpose of holding title to Q-Gold's mineral properties in Arizona.



**June 30, 2015**

**3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**b) Equipment**

Equipment is recorded at cost as is amortized over its estimated useful life using the declining balance method on a quarterly basis using the following annual rates:

Automotive	30%
Computer equipment	30%
Field equipment	30%
Office equipment	30%

Amortization is calculated on additions in the quarter that they were purchased.

**c) Mineral properties**

Exploration costs and mineral properties maintenance costs incurred to the date of establishing that a property has reserves, which have the potential of being economically recoverable, are charged against earnings. Further costs are deferred once economically recoverable reserves have been determined and, upon reaching commercial production, amortized over periods not exceeding the life of the producing mine and property. Properties acquired under joint venture agreement are charged against earnings.

Properties that are sold under joint venture agreement are a reduction of costs incurred on properties.

**d) Asset retirement obligation**

Q-Gold recognizes an estimate of the liability associated with an asset retirement obligation (ARO) in the consolidated financial statements at the time the liability is incurred. The estimated fair value of the ARO is recorded as a long-term liability, with a corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the related asset. The liability amount is increased each reporting period due to the passage of time and the amount of accretion is charged to earnings in the period. The ARO can also increase or decrease due to changes in the estimates of timing of cash flows or changes in the original estimated undiscounted cost. Actual costs incurred upon settlement of the ARO are charged against the ARO to the extent of the liability recorded. As at March 31, 2015, Q-Gold has determined that it has no material AROs.

### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **e) Income taxes**

Income tax expense is comprised of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of earnings and comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Deferred tax is recognized on the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination. In addition, deferred tax is not recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### **f) Flow-through shares**

The resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to Q-Gold's exploratory and development activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with Canadian tax legislation. Under IFRS, the amount initially recorded in share capital is limited to the amount of common shares that would have been issued on that date and the difference between the actual proceeds and the amount recorded in share capital is set up as a deferred price premium on flow-through shares. When the expenditures are incurred, the related deferred price premium on flow-through shares is reversed and the related tax affect is recorded to the future tax liability. The difference between the deferred tax benefits and the original liability recorded is recognized as a deferred tax expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

**June 30, 2015**

### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **g) Foreign currency translation**

The reporting currency of Q-Gold is the Canadian dollar. Amounts recorded in foreign currency are translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

- (i) Monetary assets and liabilities, at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date;
- (ii) Non-monetary assets, at historical exchange rates; and
- (iii) Revenue and expenses, at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction.

Gains and losses arising from the translation of foreign currency are included in net loss for the year.

#### **h) Loss per share**

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss available to the shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share is calculated to reflect the dilutive effect of exercising outstanding stock options by application of the treasury stock method.

#### **i) Share-based compensation**

Q-Gold accounts for share based compensation using the fair value based method with respect to all share based payments to directors, employees and non-employees, including awards that are direct awards of stock and call for settlement in cash or other assets, or stock appreciation rights that call for settlement by the issuance of equity instruments. Under this method, share based payments are recorded as an expense over the vesting period or when the awards or rights are granted with a corresponding increase to reserve for share based payments. When stock options are exercised, the corresponding fair value is transferred from reserve for share based payment to share capital.

#### **j) Warrants**

Q-Gold has adopted the relative fair value approach in accounting for the value assigned to the common shares and the warrants, which it has made available in a number of private placement financings.

#### **k) Financial instruments**

##### **(i) *Non-derivative financial assets***

The Company initially recognizes loans and receivables and deposits on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets (including assets designated at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)) are recognized initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company's marketable securities are classified as FVTPL. Marketable securities held in companies with an active market are classified as current assets at fair value. Upon initial recognition, material transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

**June 30, 2015**

### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Loans and receivables comprise accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and loans to related parties.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as FVTPL and are accounted for at fair value. Cash equivalents are comprised of cash balances and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

(ii) *Non-derivative financial liabilities*

The Company has the following non-derivative financial liabilities: accounts payable, notes payable and refundable deposits. Such financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### **I) Impairment**

(i) *Financial assets*

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. For financial assets measured at amortized cost, this reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) *Non-financial assets*

Non-financial assets are evaluated at least annually by management for indicators that carrying value is impaired and may not be recoverable. When indicators of impairment are present the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated.

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### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **m) Revenue recognition**

Revenue from interest income is recognized when received. Although the Company does not currently have any revenues from the production and sale of precious metals, it has adopted the policy that revenues will be recognized when title passes to the buyer, which will generally coincide with the delivery and acceptance of goods, and the ability to collect is reasonably assured.

#### **n) Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Applied**

The Corporation has assessed the impact of the following standards and amendments and has determined that the adoption of the standards is not expected to have any material impact to the Corporation. The standards are to be adopted by required compliance date unless otherwise noted with earlier adoption permitted. A brief description of each new standard is listed below:

- (i) IAS 32, Financial Instruments (amended 2011), is required to be applied for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.
- (ii) IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, no longer has a required compliance date as the International Accounting Standards Board decided that the previous mandatory effective date of January 1, 2015, would not allow sufficient time for entities to prepare to apply the new standard because the impairment phase of the IFRS 9 project has not yet been completed. Accordingly, the International Accounting Standards Board decided that a new date should be decided upon when the entire IFRS 9 project is closer to completion.
- (iii) IFRIC 21, Levies, is required to be applied for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

### **4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, pursuant to compensation agreements with related parties, Q-Gold paid the following fees:

- a) Q-Gold paid its Chief Financial Officer \$ 12,876 (2014 - \$ 16,346), of which, \$5,651 was deferred.
- b) Q-Gold paid its Chief Executive Officer \$ 7,411 (2014 – \$ 16,346), all of which was deferred.

These agreements were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

As at June 30, 2015, \$206,851 (December 31, 2014 – \$ 138,687) included the current liabilities are due to officers, directors and family members of directors of the Company.

**Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2015**

**5. MINERAL PROPERTIES AND COMMITMENTS**

**a) Arizona Mineral Properties**

The Company currently holds 13 mineral claims administered by the United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management in Yavapai County, near Crown King, Arizona.

**b) Ontario Mineral Properties**

On September 24, 2009, Q-Gold entered into an option and joint venture agreement with Upper Canyon Minerals ("UCM"). This joint venture was terminated on December 9, 2010. Pursuant to the provisions of the termination agreement, Q-Gold granted UCM a 7% "carried interest" to production. Upon presentation of a feasibility study by Q-Gold, UCM will have the option to obtain a 7% participating interest in any development project on the Nipigon and Golden Star tracts, formerly contained in the joint venture. Thus, Q-Gold's current interest in the two properties is 93%.

**6. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

	<b>Automotive</b>	<b>Computer equipment</b>	<b>Field equipment</b>	<b>Office equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost</b>					
January 1, 2014	\$ 14,500	\$ 9,101	\$ 81,527	\$ 5,167	\$110,295
Additions (disposal) in 2014	---	---	---	---	---
Balance, December 31, 2014	14,500	9,101	81,527	5,167	110,295
Additions (disposal) in 2014	---	---	---	---	---
Balance, December 31, 2014	14,500	9,101	81,527	5,167	110,295
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>					
January 1, 2014	10,157	8,653	63,366	4,744	86,920
Amortization in 2014	732	448	4,565	342	6,087
Balance, December 31, 2014	10,889	9,101	67,931	5,086	93,007
Amortization in 2015	522	0	1,969	12	2,503
Balance, June 30, 2015	11,411	9,101	69,900	5,098	95,510
Net book value, December 31, 2014	3,611	0	13,596	81	17,288
Net book value, June 30, 2015	3,089	0	11,627	69	14,785

**Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2015**

**7. SHORT TERM LIABILITIES**

During 2012, Q-Gold issued unsecured promissory notes, payable to a director of the Company with a 10% financing fee. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2015 was \$11,000.

During 2012, Q-Gold issued unsecured promissory notes, payable to an individual at an interest rate of 5% per annum. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2015 was \$25,000.

During 2012, Q-Gold issued an unsecured promissory note, payable to a family member of the Chief Executive Office of the Company with a 10% finance fee. In event of failure to make full payment, an additional 5% of finance fee per month and a convertible option to receive 10% of the common shares of Mineral Creek Resources Inc. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2015 was \$ 26,424.

During 2012, Q-Gold issued unsecured promissory notes, payable to a third party. The notes accrue interest at a rate of 10% per annum and have an aggregate outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2015 of \$ 52,077.

**8. SHARE CAPITAL**

**a) Authorized**

Unlimited number of first preferred shares

Unlimited number of second preferred shares

Unlimited number of common shares

The first and second preferred shares may each be issued in one or more series and the directors are authorized to fix, before issuance, the number of shares in and the designation, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attaching to the shares of each series.

**b) Issued and outstanding common shares**

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Amount \$</b>
<b>Balance as at January 1, 2014</b>	16,251,970	14,683,899
Share consolidation (1:2) effective September 29, 2014	(8,125,985)	----
Shares Issued during 2014	6,547,134	392,828
Share issue costs	--	(14,928)
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2014</b>	14,673,119	15,061,799
Shares Issued during the period	Nil	----
Share issue costs	----	----
<b>Balance as at June 30, 2015</b>	<b>14,673,119</b>	<b>15,061,799</b>

**June 30, 2015**

**8. SHARE CAPITAL** (continued)

On September 24, 2014, the Company announced it had completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$392,828. Pursuant to the terms of the private placement, the Company received subscriptions for 6,547,134 units at six cents each ("Units"). Each Unit consisting of one common share and one common share purchase warrant of the Company, entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 within 18 months of issuance.

**c) Stock options**

Q-Gold has established a stock option plan for the benefit of directors, officers, employees and consultants of Q-Gold. The exercise price of each option equals the market price of Q-Gold's stock as calculated on the date of the grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of five years and certain options to employees and consultants vest over periods of time, determined by the board of directors. As at June 30, 2015, 14,375 options were outstanding (2014 – 31,875 post consolidation) under the following terms, which include an expected volatility rate of 130% and a risk free interest rate of 3%:

<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Option price \$</b>	<b>Grant date</b>	<b>Expiry date</b>
12,500	5.92	September 3, 2010	September 3, 2015
1,875	3.84	April 27, 2011	April 27, 2016

Q-Gold uses the Black-Scholes valuation of stock options. The weighted average contractual years remaining on options as of June 30, 2015 is 0.1 years (December 31, 2014 – 0.6 years).



**Q-GOLD RESOURCES LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2015**

**8. SHARE CAPITAL** (continued)

Stock option transactions and the number of stock options outstanding are summarized as follows:

	<b>Number of Options</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
Balance January 1, 2014	63,750	\$2.33
Options Granted – 2014	--	--
Options Exercised – 2014	--	--
Options Cancelled – 2014	--	--
Options Expired – 2014	--	--
Share Consolidation (1:2), effective September 24, 2014	(31,875)	\$4.66
Balance December 31, 2014	31,875	\$4.66
Options Granted – 2015	--	--
Options Exercised – 2015	--	--
Options Cancelled – 2015	--	--
Options Expired – 2015	(17,500)	\$ 3.84
Balance June 30, 2015	<u>14,375</u>	<u>\$5.65</u>

**d) Warrants**

Warrants are issued within units of private placements as an incentive to the investor. Using the residual value method, no value was allocated to these warrants within the units. As a result of financings completed in 2014, there are warrants outstanding as of June 30, 2015, allowing the purchase of an additional 6,547,134 (post-consolidation) common shares of Q-Gold under the following terms:

<u>Number of Warrants</u>	<u>Exercise Price \$</u>	<u>Expiry date</u>
6,547,134	0.10	March 24, 2016

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**June 30, 2015**

**8. SHARE CAPITAL** (continued)

The following is a continuity schedule of warrants from January 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015:

	Number of Warrants	Estimated Grant Date Fair Market Value
Balance January 1, 2014	9,585,522	\$ 1,030,238
Reduction of Warrants from 1:2 share consolidation: September 29, 2014	(2,561,061)	---
Granted – 2014	6,547,134	Nil
Expired – 2014	(6,677,240)	Nil
Balance December 31, 2014	6,894,355	\$ 1,030,238
Granted – 2015	Nil	Nil
Expired – 2015	(347,221)	Nil
Balance June 30, 2015	6,547,134	\$ 1,030,238

**e) Share based payments**

The following is a continuity of the share based payments from January 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015:

<b>Balance January 1, 2014</b>	<b>\$ 1,756,201</b>
Stock-based compensation – 2014	--
Exercise of options – 2014	--
<b>Balance December 31, 2014</b>	<b>1,756,201</b>
Stock-based compensation – 2015	--
Exercise of options – 2015	--
<b>Balance June 30, 2015</b>	<b>\$ 1,756,201</b>

**June 30, 2015**

## **9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS**

Q-Gold is exposed to a number of different risks arising from normal course business exposures, as well as Q-Gold's use of financial instruments. These risk factors include liquidity risk and credit risk.

### **a) Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that Q-Gold will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Q-Gold does not have sufficient working capital to maintain its operations for the next 12 months. Q-Gold may also issue debt, equity, sell assets or use some form of venture financing to access additional capital. As Q-Gold is in the development stage of growth it has no production upon which it could rely on to fund its operations for the exploration of its opportunities.

Financial liabilities consist of accounts payable which are current and will be settled within one year. As of June 30, 2015, \$293,378 in accounts payable were aged over ninety days, with \$86,773 being aged between 31-90 days and the remaining \$33,057 being aged less than 30 days.

### **b) Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will fail to pay amounts owing or fail to perform an obligation causing a financial loss. Not having a producing asset generating sales and accounts receivable, Q-Gold's credit risk is considered limited as there is no exposure to a single customer or counterparty. Q-Gold continues to monitor and is subject to, normal mining industry credit risks.

### **c) Market Risk**

Market risk consists of currency risk, commodity price risk and interest rate risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits while maximizing returns. The Company recognizes that external factors, which it cannot control such as financial market instability and commodity prices, can adversely affect its ability to raise the necessary capital to maintain ongoing operations.

### **d) Currency Risk**

Q-Gold's operations are in Canada and the United States. The international nature of Q-Gold's operations results in foreign exchange risk as transactions are denominated in foreign currency.

The operating results and the financial position of Q-Gold are reported in Canadian dollars. The fluctuations of the operating currencies in relation to the Canadian dollar will, consequently, have an impact upon the reported results of Q-Gold and may also affect the value of Q-Gold's assets and liabilities.

Q-Gold has not entered into any agreements or purchased any instruments to hedge possible currency risks at this time.

**June 30, 2015**

**9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (continued)**

**e) Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The risk that Q-Gold will realize a loss as a result of a decline in the fair value of cash is limited because of their short-term investment nature. A variable rate of interest is earned on cash; changes in market interest rates at the year-end would not have a material impact on Q-Gold's consolidated financial statements.

**10. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES**

Q-Gold's capital structure consists of capital deficiency and debt. The primary capital management objectives are to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at acceptable risk to facilitate ongoing development and to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor confidence and provide an appropriate return to its shareholders. Q-Gold has the ability to adjust its capital structure by issuing new equity and adjusting its mineral exploration program to the extent the mineral exploration expenditures are not committed to.

As at June 30, 2015, Q-Gold had working capital deficit of \$ 554,544 (December 31, 2014 - \$ 499,839) and long term debt of \$ nil (December 31, 2014 - \$ nil). Q-Gold currently has no external restrictions.

**11. CHANGE IN NON OPERATING WORKING CAPITAL AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Change in non-operating working capital consists of the following:

	<b>June 30 2015</b>	<b>March 31 2014</b>
Accounts receivable	\$ 4,016	\$ (2,852)
Prepaid expenses	(6,660)	447
Accounts payable	(14,359)	13,558
Share subscriptions repayable	64,000	26,000
	<u>\$ 46,997</u>	<u>\$ 37,153</u>

**June 30, 2015**

**12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

Q-Gold's operations comprise two reporting operating segments engaged in mineral exploration in Canada and the United States. As the operations comprise two operating segments, amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements relating to the loss for the year also represent the consolidated segment amounts.

At June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the Company's mineral exploration expenditures and interests were located in:

	<b>June 30, 2014</b>	<b>June 30, 2015</b>
Canada	\$ 8,816	\$ 1,000
United States of America	13,889	8,413
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 22,705</b>	<b>\$ 9,413</b>

At June 30, 2015, all of Q-Gold's mineral properties are located in Canada and the United States and substantially all cash is on deposit with Canadian chartered banks in Canadian currency.

**13. COMMITMENTS**

Q-Gold is required to remit annual claim maintenance payments to the United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management in the amount of US\$ 2,015 for the thirteen mineral claims (US\$ 155 per) held by Q-Gold's Arizona subsidiary.

The mining claims held by Q-Gold in the Kenora Mining Division of Ontario require an annual application of assessment work credits. Through application of Q-Gold's "banked" assessment work credits, its mining claims located in the Kenora Mining Division will not require additional assessment work credits until 2016.